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Maxxon[®] Corporation 920 Hamel Road, PO Box 253 Hamel, MN 55340

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SECTION 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

 Material Name:
 Maxxon Underlayments

 Trade Name:
 Gyp-Crete®
 43B-14250-3

 Gyp-Crete 2000®and Gyp-Crete 2000® Green
 43B-14258

 Dura-Cap® and Dura-Cap® Green
 43B-14254

 Therma-Floor® and Therma-Floor® Green
 43B-14257

 Commercial Topping® and Commercial Topping® Green
 43B-14268

 Description:
 Industrial Plasters

 Chemical Emergency or information, call:
 Maxxon Corporation, 763-478-9600 (Q.A. Department) or Chem-Trec at 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

CAUTION! A natural chemical reaction during hardening (rehydration) develops sufficient heat that may cause severe burns in the event of contact with skin. These burns may possibly result in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Crushing, mixing, sanding or otherwise working with this product may generate large amounts of dust. Dust can be irritating to the eyes, skin and respiratory system.

Potential health effects

Routes of exposure: Inhalation. Skin contact. Eye contact.

Eyes: Dust can cause eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with possible redness and swelling.

Skin: Skin contact during hardening (rehydration) may slowly develop sufficient heat to cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with the skin. Handling can cause dry skin.



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Ingestion: Not applicable under normal conditions of use. May result in obstruction and temporary irritation of the digestive tract.

Inhalation: Dust may cause respiratory tract irritation.

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS#	Percent
Gypsum (Calcium Sulfate)	7778-18-9	60-100
Portland Cement	65997-15-1	5-10
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	3-7
Amorphous Silica	7631-86-9	3-7
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)	14808-60-7	1-5
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	1-5
Magnesium Oxide	1309-48-4	1-5
Ferric Oxide	1309-37-1	0.5-1.5
Sulfur Trioxide	7446-11-9	0.5-1.5
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	0.1-1

Composition comments: Gypsum (calcium sulfate), Portland cement, and fly ash contain naturally occurring crystalline silica (quartz) which is listed as a lung carcinogen. This product also contains titanium dioxide, which is listed as a possible lung carcinogen. See Section 8 for exposure information.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid procedures:

- **Eye contact** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
- **Skin contact** For skin contact, wash immediately with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
- Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, obtain medical attention
- **Ingestion** May result in obstruction and irritation if ingested. Get medical attention.



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SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable properties	Not flammable by OSHA/WHMIS criteria
Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment
Protection of firefighters Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self- contained breathing apparatus.
Explosion data Sensitivity to static discharge Sensitivity to mechanical impact	Not applicable Not applicable
Hazardous combustion products	May include, and are not limited to: calcium dioxide, sulfur dioxide, magnesium dioxide, magnesium oxide, and sulfur trioxide.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTIAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Keep unnecessary personnel away from the release.
Environmental precautions	Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches, and waterways.
Methods of containment	Contain the spill, then place in a suitable container. Minimize dust generation.
Methods of clean up	Sweep up or gather material and place in appropriate container for disposal.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Handle and open container with care. Wear appropriate NIOSH approved dust mask or filtering facepiece if dust is generated. When using, do not eat or drink. Wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.
 Storage Keep the container tightly closed and dry. Store in a covered, dry, climate controlled area, away from incompatibles.



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SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Gypsum (calcium sulfate) (CAS# 7778-18-9)			
ACGIH	1WA 10 mg/m ³ TWA inhalable fraction; 3 mg/m ³ TWA repirable fraction	STEL Not established	Ceiling Not established
OSHA	15 mg/m ³ TWA total dust; 5 mg/m ³ TWA respirable fraction	Not established	Not established
Portland Cement (CA	S# 65997-15-1)		
	TWA	STEL	Ceiling
ACGIH	10 mg/m° IWA particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica	Not established	Not established
OSHA	15 mg/m ³ TWA total dust; 5 mg/m ³ TWA repirable fraction	Not established	Not established
Calcium Oxide (CAS#	1305-78-8)		o
		SIEL Not optablished	Ceiling
	2 mg/m ⁻ TWA 5 mg/m ³ TWA	Not established	Not established
	o mg/m TW/	Not cotabilitied	Not colubiloned
Amorphous Silica (C	AS# 7631-86-9)		
	TWA	STEL	Ceiling
ACGIH	10 mg/m ³ TWA inhalable fraction; 3 mg/m ³ TWA respirable fraction	Not established	Not established
OSHA	15 mg/m ³ TWA total dust; 5 mg/m ³ TWA respirable fraction	Not established	Not established
Crystalline silica (quartz) (CAS# 14808-60-7)			
	IWA	STEL Not optoblished	Ceiling
ACGIH	0.025 mg/m TWA respirable	Not established	Not established
OSHA	$((10)/(\%Si02 + 2) mg/m^{3})$ TWA (respirable)); $((30)/(\%Si02 + 2) mg/m^{3})$ TWA (total dust)); ((250)/(%Si02 + 5) mppcf) TWA (respirable))	Not established	Not established



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Aluminum Ovida (CAS	1 4 3 4 4 3 9 4 V		Page 5 of 11
Aluminum Oxide (CAS	# 1344-28-1) TWA	STEL	Ceiling
ACGIH	10 mg/m ³ TWA particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica	Not established	Not established
OSHA	15 mg/m ³ TWA total dust; 5 mg/m ³ TWA respirable fraction	Not established	Not established
Magnesium Oxide (CA	S# 1309-48-4)		•
ACGIH	1 WA 10 mg/m ³ TWA inhalable fraction	Not established	Not established
OSHA	15 mg/m ³ TWA total particulate	Not established	Not established
Ferric Oxide (CAS# 13	09-37-1)		
	TWA	STEL	Ceiling
ACGIH	5 mg/m ³ TWA repirable fraction	Not established	Not established
OSHA	10 mg/m ³ TWA	Not established	Not established
Sulfur Trioxide (CAS#	7446-11-9)		
	TWA	STEL	Ceiling
ACGIH OSHA	Not established Not established	Not established Not established	Not established Not established
Titanium Dioxide (CAS	6# 13463-67-7)		
	TWA	STEL	Ceiling
ACGIH OSHA	10 mg/m° TWA 15 mg/m ³ TWA total dust	Not established	Not established
Engineering Controls	When using product, provide loc airborne dust concentrations be	cal and general exhaust v low exposure limits.	ventilation to keep
Personal protective ec	quipment		
Eye protection	Safety glasses or goggles are recommended when using product. Ensure compliance with OSHA's PPE standard (29 CFR 1910.132 and .133) for eye and face protection. Safety shower/eye wash fountain must be readily available in the workplace area (29 CFR 1010.151 (c))		
Skin and body		((•)) ·	
protection	Impervious protective clothing a irritation of hands. Ensure comp 1910.132 (general) and .138 (ha fountain must be readily availab	nd gloves recommended bliance with OSHA's PPE and protection)). Safety le in the workplace area	I to prevent drying or E standards (29 CFR shower/eye wash (29 CFR 1910.151 (c)).



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Respiratory Protection A NIOSH approved dust mask or filtering facepiece is recommended in poorly ventilated areas or when permissible exposure limits may be exceeded. Respirators should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134) and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Powder Color: Grey Form: Solid Odor: Odorless Odor threshold: Not available Physical state: Solid pH: 10-12 Melting point: Not available Freezing point: Not available Boiling point: Not available Flash point: Not available Evaporation rate: Not available Flammability: Not available Flammability limits in air, upper, % by volume: Not available Flammability limits in air, lower % by volume: Not available Vapor pressure: Not available Vapor density: Not available Specific gravity: 2.3 Relative density: Not available Solubility (water): Insoluble Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not available Auto-ignition temperature: Not available Decomposition temperature: Not available

SECTION 10 CHEMICAL STABILITY & REACTIVITY INFORMATION

Chemical Stability: Conditions of reactivity: Incompatible materials: Hazardous decomposition products: Stable at normal conditions Reacts with water (normal condition of use) Acids

May include, and are not limited to: calcium oxide, sulfur dioxide, magnesium oxide, aluminum oxide, and sulfur trioxide.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component analysis - LD50 ALUMINUM OXIDE (CAS# 1344-28-1) Toxicology Data – Selected LD50s and LC50s

AMORPHOUS SILICA (CAS# 7631-86-9) Toxicology Data – Selected LD50s and LC50s

CALCIUM OXIDE (CAS# 1305-78-8) Toxicology Data – Selected LD50s and LC50s Oral LD50 Rat: >5000 mg/kg

Oral LD50 Rat: >5000 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit: >2000 mg/kg

Oral LD50 Rat: 500 mg/kg



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CRYSTALLINE SILICA Toxicology Data – Sele	A (QUARTZ) (CAS# 14808-60-7) cted LD50s and LC50s	Oral LD 50 Rat: 500 mg/kg
FERRIC OXIDE (CAS# Toxicology Data – Sele	* 1309-37-1) cted LD50s and LC50s	Oral LD50 Rat: >10000 mg/kg
GYPSUM (CALCIUM S Toxicology Data – Sele	SULFATE) (CAS# 7778-18-9) cted LD50s and LC50s	Oral LD50 Rat: >3000 mg/kg
SULFUR TRIOXIDE (C Toxicology Data – Sele	AS# 7446-11-9) cted LD50s and LC50s	Inhalation LC 50 Rat: 0.375 mg/L/4H; Inhalation LC50 Rat: 1.2 mg/L/1H
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (O Toxicology Data – Sele	CAS# 13463-67-7) cted LD50s and LC50s	Oral LD50 Rat: >10000 mg/kg
Routes of exposure:	Inhalation. Skin contac	t. Eye contact
Sensitization:	Not expected to be hazardous by OSHA/WHMIS criteria	
Chronic effects:	Hazardous by OSHA/WHMIS criteria	
	Respirable crystalline silica in the occupational sources is listed b	ne form of quartz or cristobalite from y IARC and NTP as a lung carcinogen.
	Prolonged exposure to respirab silicosis, a lung disease, which of individual susceptibility to a g risk of contracting silicosis and t the amount of dust exposure ar	le crystalline silica has been known to cause may be disabling. While there may be a factor iven exposure to a respirable silica dust, the the severity of the disease is clearly related to ad the length of time (usually years) of exposure.
	Respirable titanium dioxide from IARC as a possible lung carcino concentrations of pigment-grad caused respiratory tract cancer instillation. The series of biolog (e.g. particle deposition, impaire and ultimately cancer) have also environments. Therefore, the o considered, by IARC, as relevan titanium dioxide dust. For exam be exposed to high dust concer and maintenance, if there are in However, it should be noted that suggest an association between an increased risk for cancer.	n occupational sources has been classified by ogen to humans. Evidence showed that high e (powdered) and ultrafine titanium dioxide dust in rats exposed by inhalation and intratracheal ical events or steps that produce rat lung cancer ed lung clearance, cell injury, fibrosis, mutations o been seen in people working in dusty bservations of cancer in animals were nt to people doing jobs with exposures to nple, titanium dioxide production workers may utrations during packing, milling, site cleaning usufficient dust control measures in place. It the human studies conducted so far do not n occupational exposure to titanium dioxide and



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Sulfur trioxide has not been classified for carcinogenic effects. However, IARC concluded that occupational exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulfuric acid, formed from sulfur trioxide reacted with water, is carcinogenic to humans. The ACGIH has classified strong inorganic acid mist containing sulfuric acid as a suspected human carcinogen. Exposure to inorganic acid mist (sulfuric acid mist) in this product will not occur because inorganic acid is not generated under normal conditions of use of this material.

Carcinogenicity: Hazardous by OSHA/WHMIS criteria.

ALUMINUM OXIDE (CAS# 1344-28-1)

ACGIH – Threshold Limits Values – Carcinogens		A4 – Not classifiable as a human carcinogen
CRYSTALLINE SILICA (C ACGIH – Threshold Limits IARC – Group 1 (Carcinog NTP (National Toxicology Carcinogens – Known Car U.S. – OSHA – Hazard Co Carcinogens	QUARTZ) (CAS# 14808-60 Values – Carcinogens Jenic to humans) Program) – Report on rcinogens ommunications	 A2 – Suspected human carcinogen Monograph 68 [1997] (listed under Crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources) Known Carcinogen Present
FERRIC OXIDE (CAS# 13 ACGIH – Threshold Limits	809-37 -1) Values – Carcinogens	A4 – Not classifiable as a human carcinogen
MAGNESIUM OXIDE (CA ACGIH – Threshold Limits	S# 1309-48-4) Values – Carcinogens	A4 – Not classifiable as a human carcinogen
SULFUR TRIOXIDE (CAS# 7446-11-9) IARC – Group 1 (Carcinogenic to humans)		Monograph 54 [1992] (listed under occupational exposures to mists and vapours from sulfuric acid and other strong inorganic acids)
U.S. – OSHA – Hazard Communications Carcinogens		Present
TITANIUM DIOXIDE (CAS# 13463-67-7) ACGIH – Threshold Limits Values – Carcinogens IARC – Group 2B (Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans) U.S. – OSHA – Hazard Communications Carcinogens		A4 – Not classifiable as a human carcinogen Monograph 93 posted, Monograph 47 [1998] Present
Mutagenicity Reproductive effects Teratogenicity Synergistic materials	Not expected to be hazar Not expected to be hazar Not expected to be hazar Not available	dous by OSHA/WHMIS criteria. dous by OSHA/WHMIS criteria. dous by OSHA/WHMIS criteria.



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SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Large quantities of this product may be harmful to aquatic life due to high pH.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Instructions:

This product, in its present state, when discarded or disposed of, is not a hazardous waste according to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261.4 (b)(4)). Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Department of Transportation (DOT) Requirements:

This product is not regulated as a hazardous material by the United States (DOT) transporation regulations.

Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Requirements:

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

ALUMINUM OXIDE (CAS# 1344-28-1)

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting

1.0% de minimus concentration (fibrous forms)

SULFUR TRIOXIDE (CAS# 7446-11-9)

U.S. – CERCLA/SARA – Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances 100 lb EPCRA RQ

CERCLA (Superfund) reportable quantity

None



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Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard – No. Delayed Hazard – Yes Fire Hazard – No. Pressure Hazard – No Reactivity Hazard – No
Section 302 extremely hazardous substance	Yes
Section 311 hazardous chemical	Yes
Section 313 hazardous chemical	Yes

Canadian regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR

ALUMIMUM OXIDE (CAS# 1344-28-1) Canada – WHMIS – Ingredient Disclosure List	1%
AMORPHOUS SILICA (CAS# 7631-86-9) Canada – WHMIS – Ingredient Disclosure List	1%
CALCIUM OXIDE (CAS# 1305-78-8) Canada – WHMIS – Ingredient Disclosure List	1%
CRYSTALLINE SILICA (QUARZ) (CAS# 14808-60-7) Canada – WHMIS – Ingredient Disclosure List	1%
FERRIC OXIDE (CAS# 1309-37-1) Canada – WHMIS – Ingredient Disclosure List	1%
MAGNESIUM OXIDE (CAS# 1309-48-4) Canada – WHMIS – Ingredient Disclosure List	1%
SULFUR TRIOXIDE (CAS# 7446-11-9) Canada – WHMIS – Ingredient Disclosure List	1%

WHMIS classification

D2A - Other Effects - VERY TOXIC

WHMIS labeling





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Inventory status Country(s) or region

Inventory name

On inventory (yes/no)*

 Canada
 Domestic Substances List (DSL)
 Yes

 Canada
 Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)
 No

 United States & Puerto Rico
 Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) inventory
 Yes

 A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
 Source Control Act (TSCA)
 Source Control Act (TSCA)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS® ratings

Health: 1* Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 1

NFPA ratings

Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Instability: 0

Hazard Scale: 0 = minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe * = Chronic hazard

Disclaimer

The information and data herein are believed to be accurate and have been compiled from sources believed to be reliable. It is offered for your consideration, investigation and verification. Buyer assumes all risk of use, storage and handling of the product in compliance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations. Maxxon Corporation makes no warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy or completeness of the information and data herein. The implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose are specifically excluded. Maxxon Corporation will not be liable for claims relating to any party's use of or reliance on information and data contained herein regardless of whether it is claimed that the information and data are inaccurate, incomplete or otherwise misleading.

Other information

Products on this MSDS do not contain asbestos